# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors **Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1** Cascade, Colorado

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

BiggsKofford, P.C.

Colorado Springs, Colorado June 26, 2017

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 176,316	\$ 97,869		
Cash and investments - restricted	3,296,871	3,507,214		
Accounts receivable, less allowance				
for doubtful accounts	67,700	28,896		
Total current assets	3,540,887	3,633,979		
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets, net	1,423,123	1,333,899		
Total non-current assets	1,423,123	1,333,899		
Total assets	\$ 4,964,010	\$ 4,967,878		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,380	216,716		
Accrued interest payable	23,517	23,517		
Prepaid charges	2,616	-		
Current maturities of bonds payable	45,000			
Total current liabilities	128,513	240,233		
Non-current liabilities:				
Bonds payable, net of current portion	4,918,604	4,961,440		
Total liabilities	5,047,117	5,201,673		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(3,540,481)	(3,627,541)		
Restricted for emergency reserves	24,711	18,578		
Unrestricted	3,432,663	3,375,168		
Total net position	(83,107)	(233,795)		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,964,010	\$ 4,967,878		

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		2015	
OPERATING REVENUES Water sales	\$	823,700	\$	719,428
Total operating revenues		823,700		719,428
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased water		190,829		226,900
Labor		64,278		85,756
Administration		60,000		45,392
Professional fees		51,224		202,657
Depreciation		31,660		31,660
Insurance		10,168		15,481
Bank charges		8,507		1,496
Repairs and maintenance		5,798		71,045
Office supplies and other expenses		4,719		6,052
Vehicle expense		3,146		1,018
Chemicals and supplies		2,232		415
Utilities and telephone		2,194		2,082
Water quality testing		1,766		1,839
Dues and subscriptions		337		809
Bad debt expense (recovery)		(10,529)		-
Total operating expenses		426,329		692,602
Net operating income		397,371		26,826
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Other revenues		787		1,036
Interest income		21,894		4,057
Interest expense		(284,364)		(212,244)
Bond issuance costs		-		(81,473)
Net non-operating expenses		(261,683)		(288,624)
Income before contributions		135,688		(261,798)
Capital contributions (tap fees)		15,000		15,000
Debt forgiveness contribution		, _		13,095
Total contributions		15,000		28,095
Change in net position		150,688		(233,703)
Total net position, beginning of year		(233,795)		(92)
Total net position, end of year	\$	(83,107)	\$	(233,795)

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OF ERATING ACTIVITIES   Receipts from customers   Cash payments to vendors   Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 823,700 (581,686) (8,507)	\$ 719,428 (987,404) (85,756)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	233,507	(353,732)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES	
Other revenues	787	1,036
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	787	1,036
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCI	ING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Payments on long-term debt Payment of bond issuance costs Interest expense and penalties Acquisition and construction of capital assets Tap fees received Debt forgiveness income Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	- - (279,699) (120,884) 15,000 - - (385,583)	4,960,407 (612,328) (81,473) (212,244) (194,146) 15,000 13,095 3,888,311
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	19,393	4,057
Net cash provided by investing activities	19,393	4,057
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(131,896)	3,539,672
Cash and investments, beginning of year	3,605,083	65,411
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 3,473,187	\$ 3,605,083

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		2015	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net operating income	\$	397,371	\$	26,826
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		31,660		31,660
Bad debt recovery		(10,529)		-
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:				
Accounts receivable		(28,275)		23,715
Prepaid expenses	-			6,174
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(159,336)		(14,409)
Prepaid charges		2,616		(437,483)
Accrued interest payable		-		9,785
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	233,507	\$	(353,732)

#### 1. DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District"), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized on November 16, 2004 to provide residential and commercial water services in the unincorporated Town of Cascade, Colorado. The District is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. It is governed by an elected five-member board of directors, which is the policy-making body of the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District is similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability.

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### Basis of accounting

The District's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets.

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's purpose of providing water services to its customers. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with US GAAP requires the District to use estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Cash and equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers cash and all highly liquid debt instruments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable of the District consist of water usage fees and service fees receivable. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount the District expects to collect. The District maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific customer accounts: customer credit-worthiness, past transaction history with the customer, current economic industry trends, and changes in customer payment terms. If the financial condition of the District's customers were to deteriorate, adversely affecting their ability to make payments, additional allowances would be required. Accounts receivable as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 have been recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,000 and \$19,000, respectively.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with original costs of \$5,000 or greater are recorded at historical cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the life of an asset are capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Water distribution system and equipment

40 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. At the time of retirement or disposition of depreciable property, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in non-operating revenues (expenses). Construction in progress is not depreciated until the asset is placed in service.

#### Revenues and expenses

Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

#### Net position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Budgets and budgetary accounting

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to adopt the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and equivalents and investments are reflected for the December 31, 2016 and 2015 statements of net position and statements of cash flows as follows:

	2016	2015
Cash Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 176,316 3,296,871	\$
	\$ 3,473,187	\$ 3,605,083

The carrying amounts of cash and investments for the District, which equals fair value, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	2016	2015
Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 176,316 3,296,871	\$     97,869 3,507,214
	\$ 3,473,187	\$ 3,605,083

#### Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2016, the District had cash deposits and money market funds with a bank balance of \$3,470,350 and a carrying balance of \$3,473,187. At December 31, 2015, the District had cash deposits and money market funds with a bank balance of \$3,636,507 and a carrying balance of \$3,605,083.

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those with an asterisk below which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless otherwise formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain United States government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado PDPA approved banks or savings banks
- \* Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

#### Fair value measurement and application

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District invests in certain money market funds which are recorded at fair value and measured using Level 1 inputs.

As of December 31, 2016, the District had the following investments:

Investments	Maturity	Fair Value
Certain money market funds	Less than 1 year	\$ 3,296,871

### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

District capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	Balance 01/01/16 Additions		Dispositions	Balance 12/31/16
Non-depreciable assets				
Construction in progress	\$ 194,146	120,884	\$-	\$ 315,030
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Water distribution system and equipment	1,503,844	<u> </u>		1,503,844
Total being depreciated	1,503,844			1,503,844
Less accumulated depreciation: Water distribution system and equipment	(364,091)	(31,660)		(395,751)
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,333,899	\$ 89,224	\$-	\$ 1,423,123
	Balance 01/01/15	Additions	Dispositions	Balance 12/31/15
Non-depreciable assets				
Construction in progress	\$-	194,146	\$-	\$ 194,146
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Water distribution system and equipment	1,503,844			1,503,844
Total being depreciated	1,503,844			1,503,844
Less accumulated depreciation: Water distribution	(222,424)	(21,660)		(264.001)
system and equipment Capital assets, net	(332,431) \$ 1,171,413	(31,660) \$ 162,486	<u>-</u> \$ -	(364,091) \$ 1,333,899

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 totaled \$31,660 each year.

### 5. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Bonds and notes payable consisted of the following as of December 31, 2016 :

	2016	2015
Series 2015A Bonds bearing interest at rates between 4.75% and 6.00% per annum until maturity on December 1, 2036. Interest rates vary based on graduated maturity dates. The interest and principal payments are payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1, beginning December 1, 2015.	3,500,000	3,500,000
Series 2015B Bonds bearing interest at a rate of 5.50% per annum until maturity on December 1, 2035. The interest and principal payments are payable semi- annually on each June 1 and December 1, beginning December 1, 2015.	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total Less current portion	\$ 5,000,000 (45,000)	\$ 5,000,000 -
	\$ 4,955,000	\$ 5,000,000

The following is a analysis of the changes in the District's long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Balance 01/01/16	Ad	ditions	(Acc	rtization / cretion) / ayments)	Balance 12/31/16	 ue within ne year
Series 2015A Bonds	\$ 3,500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 30,000
Series 2015A Bond Premium	45,462		-		(2,501)	42,961	-
Series 2015A Underwriter Discount	(51,155)		-		2,814	(48,341)	-
Series 2015B Bonds	1,500,000		-		-	1,500,000	15,000
Series 2015B Bond Discount	(32,867)		-		1,851	(31,016)	 -
	\$ 4,961,440	\$	-	\$	2,164	\$ 4,963,604	\$ 45,000

#### 5. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

	Balance 01/01/15	Additions	Repayments	Balance 12/31/15	Due within one year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 71,320	\$-	\$ (71,320)	\$-	\$-
Note payable due 2036	505,441	-	(505,441)	-	-
Note payable due 2016	36,600	-	(36,600)	-	-
Series 2015A Bonds	-	3,500,000	-	3,500,000	-
Series 2015A Bond Premium	-	46,657	(1,195)	45,462	-
Series 2015A Underwriter Discount	-	(52,500)	1,345	(51,155)	-
Series 2015B Bonds	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-
Series 2015B Bond Discount	-	(33,750)	883	(32,867)	-
	\$ -	\$ 4,960,407	\$ 1,033	\$ 4,961,440	\$-

Future commitments on long-term debt as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Amount
2017	\$ 45,000
2018	45,000
2019	50,000
2020	55,000
2021	65,000
2022 - 2026	400,000
2027 - 2031	635,000
2032 - 2036	3,705,000
	\$ 5,000,000

The 2015 Series Bonds require the maintenance of a debt service reserve account. The District was in compliance with this requirement as of December 31, 2016.

#### 6. NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, plus unspent debt proceeds, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the District had an investment in capital assets, net of related debt calculated as follows:

	2016	2015
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Bonds payable	\$ 1,423,123 (4,963,604)	\$ 1,333,899 (4,961,440)
	\$ (3,540,481)	\$ (3,627,541)

Restricted net position include amounts that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 as follows:

	 2016	2015	
Restricted for emergency reserves (see Note 8)	\$ 24,711	\$	18,578

Unrestricted net position consist of net positions that do not meet the definition of invested in capital, net of related debt or restricted net position.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, as amended, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to volunteers or contractors; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for some of these risks of loss. The remaining risks of loss are retained by the District. There were no significant changes in coverage during the years ended December 31, 2016 or 2015.

#### 8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments within the State of Colorado.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

#### 8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, management used 3% of revenues to calculate the reserve amount.

In 2004, the District's voters authorized the District to collect, spend and retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained within TABOR.

The Districts' management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will likely require judicial interpretation.

#### 9. RATE CHANGES

In February of 2014, the District's board of directors approved a monthly water provision fee in the amount of \$25 per month per <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" residential tap with the fee being pro-rated for larger taps. All collected revenues relating to this fee were remitted to Colorado Springs Utilities ("CSU") and were applied directly to the outstanding balance that the District had with CSU per the Agreement Concerning Continuance of Trial and Payment of Sums Past Due, dated February 6, 2014. In June of 2015, the monthly water provision fee was eliminated due to the payment in full of all past due amounts due and owing to CSU. Also in June of 2015, due to the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds, the board of directors imposed a debt service fee in the amount of \$78.04 per month for all <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" taps, which revenues are pledged to the repayment of the Series 2015 Bonds. At the same time, the board of directors reduced the monthly pipeline surcharge fee from \$30.75 to \$14.66 per month for all 3/4" taps due to the repayment of other financial obligations through the Series 2015 Bonds which were otherwise incorporated into the pipeline surcharge fee. On March 22, 2016, the Board adopted an updated fee resolution; however, the fees referenced herein and otherwise pledged to debt service were not affected and remain the same rates.

#### **10. ENERGY & MINERAL IMPACT ASSISTANCE GRANT**

On August 5, 2015 the District received a grant from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs ("DOLA"). The grant is intended to improve the efficiency of the water system and implement improvements required by CSU for an eventual takeover of the water distribution system. The District is eligible to request reimbursement once costs are incurred in collection with the approved project. The total grant award is \$1,707,914 for the period of November 5, 2015 through the end of the contract on December 31, 2017. The total anticipated cost of the project is \$4,807,877 and the District has agreed to fund the shortfall using proceeds from the Series 2015 Bonds. Any cost savings are split pro-rata between DOLA and the District. As of the date of this report, the District had not incurred any costs related to the project or reimbursements from DOLA in relation to this grant. Construction is expected to commence during the fall of 2017.

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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	
OPERATING REVENUES								
Water sales	\$	226,440	\$	265,000	\$ 241,122	\$	(23,878)	
Bulk water sales		-		22,433	24,123		1,690	
Meter fee		79,794		100,000	106,169		6,169	
Pipeline surcharge		66,812		66,812	69,541		2,729	
Late fees		2,000		3,650	4,594		944	
Debt service water fee		346,875		346,875	 351,877		5,002	
Total operating revenues		721,921		804,770	 797,426		(7,344)	
<b>OPERATING EXPENDITURES</b>								
Purchased water		216,000		250,000	171,423		78,577	
Labor		8,000		8,500	64,278		(55,778)	
Election		3,000		1,500	64,278		(62,778)	
Professional fees		2,000		2,000	51,224		(49,224)	
Dues, fees and subscriptions		300		600	337		263	
Depreciation		5,520		8,000	-		8,000	
Insurance		10,000		18,000	10,168		7,832	
Bank charges		47,000		59,100	8,507		50,593	
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		2,500	5,798		(3,298)	
Office supplies and other expenses		2,500		2,500	4,719		(2,219)	
Vehicle expense		2,600		5,600	3,146		2,454	
Chemicals and supplies		1,000		3,500	2,232		1,268	
Utilities and telephone		60,000		60,000	2,194		57,806	
Dues and subscriptions		73,800		58,000	337		57,663	
Capital outlay		3,087,925		308,415	-		308,415	
Grand project		1,507,914		-	-		-	
Contingency		45,856		-	 -		-	
Total operating expenditures		5,074,415		788,215	 388,641		399,574	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND	EXPE	NDITURES						
Interest payments		(282,200)		(282,200)	(282,200)		-	
Tap fees		-		15,000	15,000		-	
Interest income		6,020		17,184	21,894		4,710	
Other revenues		-		6,078	 787		(5,291)	
Total non-operating revenues and								
expenditures		(276,180)		(243,938)	 (244,519)		(581)	
Excess (deficit) of revenue over								
expenditures - budgetary basis	\$	(4,628,674)	\$	(227,383)	\$ 164,266	\$	391,649	

# CASCADE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF AMOUNTS FROM GAAP BASIS TO CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The accompanying supplementary Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget Compared to Actual on page 17 presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, a reconciliation of differences in revenues and expenditures is presented below.

Total revenues per financial statements	\$ 861,381
Less: Revenue accruals and non-cash adjustments at December 31, 2016	(26,274)
Total actual revenues and receipts per the budget	\$ 835,107
Total expenses and capital expenditures per financial statements	\$ 710,693
Less:	
Expense and capital expenditure	
accruals and non-cash adjustments at	
at December 31, 2016	(50,381)
Less:	
Depreciation expense	 10,529
Total actual expenses and capital expenditures per the budget	\$ 670,841