**EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO** 

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors

Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1

Cascade, Colorado

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District"), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Colorado Springs, Colorado

rgsKofford, P.C.

September 20, 2023

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
<u>ASSETS</u>		_		_
Cash and investments	\$	164,329	\$	199,314
Cash and investments - restricted		479,272		425,188
Accounts receivable, net		_		15,140
Debt service, administrative, and other fees receivable		49,943		
Total assets	\$	693,544	\$	639,642
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	106,589	\$	160,218
Accrued interest payable		22,177		22,512
Prepaid fees		1,471		6,358
Current maturities of bonds payable		75,000		65,000
Total current liabilities		205,237		254,088
Non-current liabilities:				
Bonds payable, net of current portion		4,600,000		4,675,000
Total liabilities		4,805,237		4,929,088
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		476,672		422,488
Emergency reserve		2,600		2,700
Unrestricted	(	4,590,965)	(	(4,714,634)
Total net position	(	4,111,693 <u>)</u>	(	(4,289,446)
Total liabilities and net position	\$	693,544	\$	639,642

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration	\$	33,500	\$	33,500
Bank charges	=	5,304		4,890
Dues and subscriptions	_	558		250
Election	_	3,573		-
Insurance	_	2,666		6,197
Labor	_	-		786
Office supplies and other expenses	_	12,093		7,313
Professional fees	_	24,054		36,309
Repairs and maintenance	_	2,950		106
Utilities and telephone		-		587
Total operating expenses		84,698		89,938
Net operating income		(84,698)		(89,938)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Debt service, administrative, and other fees		454,197		381,319
Interest expense	=	(268,990)		(272,327)
Interest income	=	9,337		241
Other revenues	-	67,907		9,664
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		262,451		118,897
Change in net position	=	177,753		28,959
Net position, beginning of year	(	(4,289,446)		(4,318,405)
Net position, end of year	\$ (	(4,111,693)	\$	(4,289,446)

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

CASH ELOWS EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 15,140	\$ 395,862
Payments to vendors	(143,214)	(449,197)
Payments to employees for services		(786)
Cash flows from operating activities	(128,074)	(54,121)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES	
Other revenues	67,907	9,664
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	67,907	9,664
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCII	NG ACTIVITIES	
Principal payments on bonds payable	(65,000)	(65,000)
Interest expense	(269,325)	(272,327)
Debt service administrative and other fees	404,254	381,319
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	69,929	43,992
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	9,337	241
Net cash flows from investing activities	9,337	241
Net cash flows	19,099	(224)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	624,502	624,726
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 643,601	\$ 624,502

The accompanying notes and independent auditor's report should be read with these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 2022	 2021
Net operating income	\$ (84,698)	\$ (89,938)
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net		
cash flows from operating activities:		
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable, net	15,140	32,256
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(53,629)	2,909
Prepaid fees	 (4,887)	 652
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ (128,074)	\$ (54,121)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### 1. DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cascade Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District"), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized on November 8, 2004 to provide residential and commercial water services in the unincorporated town of Cascade, Colorado. The District is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. It is governed by an elected five-member board of directors, which is the policy-making body of the District.

The District follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization and a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District is similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability.

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### Basis of accounting

The District's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's purpose of providing water services to its customers. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with US GAAP requires the District to use estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates.

#### Reclassifications

Certain prior period balances and amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported change in net position.

#### Cash and equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers cash and all highly liquid debt instruments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable consist of debt service, administrative, and other fees receivable. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount the District expects to collect. The District maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its residents to make required payments. Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific resident accounts: resident creditworthiness, past transaction history with the customer, current economic industry trends, and changes in customer payment terms. If the financial condition of the District's residents were to deteriorate, adversely affecting their ability to make payments, additional allowances would be required. Accounts receivable as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 have been recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,000 each year.

#### Revenues and expenses

Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. All costs are recorded as incurred.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Net position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to adopt the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

#### 3. CONVEYANCE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TO COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the District conveyed all its capital assets to Colorado Springs Utilities ("CSU"). The District was obligated to reimburse CSU for the cost of improvements and easements that had not been made prior to the conveyance. The District estimates the cost for the improvements and easments will be \$100,000 and, accordingly, has included this balance in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2022. Any differences between the estimated and actual amounts will be reflected in the period in which such differences are determinable.

Upon conversion of the water distribution system to CSU, the District did not dissolve and will not be permitted to do so until the debt incurred for the required improvements to the infrastructure has been repaid in full. Accordingly, the District is required to continue to impose and collect ongoing monthly debt service, administrative, and other fees.

#### 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	2022	 2021
Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 164,329 479,272	\$ 199,314 425,188
	\$ 643,601	\$ 624,502

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The carrying amounts of cash and investments, which equal estimated fair value, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 164,329 479,272	\$ 199,314 425,188
	\$ 643,601	\$ 624,502

#### Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$160,946 and a book balance of \$164,329. As of December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$210,145 and a book balance of \$199,314.

#### Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those below which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless otherwise formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the US and certain US government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of US local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado PDPA approved banks or savings banks
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government	Weighted average	
Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	under 60 days	\$ 479,272

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investments	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted average under 60 days	\$ 425,188

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST" or "Trust"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust offers three portfolios: COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund in which each share is equal in value to \$1, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in US Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by US Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of US government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable net asset value ("NAV") local government investment pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in US Treasury securities, repurchase agreement collateralized by US Treasury securities, certain obligations of US government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investment at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at NAV as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the District during the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance 01-01-22	Add	ditions	payments/ feasance	Balance 12-31-22	ie Within ne Year
Series 2015A Bonds	\$3,310,000	\$	-	\$ (50,000)	\$ 3,260,000	\$ 60,000
Series 2015B Bonds	1,430,000			 (15,000)	1,415,000	 15,000
	\$4,740,000	\$		\$ (65,000)	\$ 4,675,000	\$ 75,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the District acting by and through the Water Acitvity Enterprise during the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balance 01-01-21	Repayments/ Additions Defeasance		Balance 12-31-21	Due within one year		
Series 2015A Bonds	\$3,360,000	\$	-	\$	(50,000)	\$ 3,310,000	\$ 50,000
Series 2015B Bonds	1,445,000				(15,000)	1,430,000	15,000
	\$4,805,000	\$		\$	(65,000)	\$ 4,740,000	\$ 65,000
Bonds payable co	onsist of the follo	wing as	s of Dece	mber	31,:		
						2022	2021
Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A ("Series 2015A Bonds") bearing interest at rates between 4.75% and 6.00% per annum until maturity on December 1, 2036. Interest rates vary based on graduated maturity dates. Interest and principal are payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1.  Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds,					\$ 3,260,000	\$ 3,310,000	
Series 2015B ("Series 2015B Bonds") bearing interest at a rate of 5.50% per annum until maturity on December 1, 2035. Interest and principal are payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1.					1 415 000	1 420 000	
and December 1.					1,415,000	1,430,000	
	Total bonds pa Less current po	•				4,675,000 (75,000)	4,740,000 (65,000)
	Bonds payable	, net of	current p	ortior	1	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 4,675,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Series 2015 Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds

#### Net pledged revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the net pledged revenues, net of any operation and maintenance expenses of the water system, consisting of monies directly or indirectly derived by the District from the operation or use of the water system, or any part thereof, including any rates, fees, system development fees, tap fees, availability of service fees, plant investment fees, debt service fees, tolls and charges for the availability of, connection to and services furnished by, or for the use of, the water system, and all income attributable to any past or future dispositions of water system property or rights or related contracts, settlements or judgments, provided. Amounts excluded from pledged revenue are monies borrowed and used for providing capital improvements, any money and securities, and investment income therefrom, in any refunding account, escrow fund or similar account pledged to the payment of any bonds or other obligations, and any monies received as grants or appropriations from the US, the state, other local governments or enterprises or other sources, the use of which is limited or restricted by the grantor or donor to the provision of capital improvements (including oversizing of facilities or similar capital improvements) or for other purposes resulting in the general unavailability thereof, except to the extent any such monies are received as payments for the use of the water system, services rendered thereby, the availability of any such service or the disposal of any commodities therefrom.

The Bonds require the maintenance of a debt service reserve account. The purpose of the debt service reserve account is to provide adequate reserves to meet principal and interest requirements if the bond account does not have enough funding. The debt service reserve account is required to be maintained as long as the bonds are outstanding. The District was in compliance with these requirements as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Optional redemption

The Series 2015A Bonds and Series 2015B Bonds (together, the "Bonds") are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, in whole or in part, in denominations of \$500,000 or any multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, from such series and maturities as are selected by the issuer and by lot within a maturity, in such a manner as the trustee may determine, on December 1, 2023, or on any date thereafter, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date without a redemption premium.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Events of default

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events or the existence of any one or more of the following conditions constitutes an event of default under the indenture.

- i. Default in the payment of the principal of or premium, if any, on any bond when it becomes due and payable, whether at the stated maturity thereof, on a sinking fund payment date, or upon proceedings for redemption.
- ii. Default in the payment of any installment of interest on any bond when it becomes due and payable.
- iii. Default in the performance of any covenant, contract, or other provision in the bonds or the indenture and such default continues for a period of 30 days after written notice to the District and the trustee from the beneficial owners of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding or to the District from the trustee specifying such default and requiring it to be remedied, provided, no event of default will be deemed to have occurred so long as a course of action adequate to remedy such failure shall have been commenced within such 30-day period and is diligently prosecuted to completion and the failure is remedied.
- iv. Default by the District or the Issuer in the payment of any indebtedness, in a material amount (other than under the indenture), and any period of grace with respect thereto expired, or an event of default occurs, which default in payment or event of default may result in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable prior to the date on which it would otherwise become due and payable.
- v. The entry of a decree or order for relief by a court having jurisdiction in the premises in respect of the District or the Issuer in an involuntary case under the federal bankruptcy laws or any other applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar law, or appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, custodian, trustee, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the District or the issuer or for any substantial part of its property, or ordering the winding-up or liquidation of its affairs and the continuance of any such decree or order unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days.
- vi. The commencement by the District or the Issuer of a voluntary case under the federal bankruptcy laws, as now or hereafter constituted, or any other applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law, or the consent by it to the appointment of or taking possession by a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, custodian, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the District or for any substantial part of its property, or the making by it of any assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the failure of the District or the Issuer generally to pay its debts as such debts become due, or the taking of corporate action by the District or the issuer in furtherance of any of the foregoing.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default, the trustee has the following rights and remedies:

- i. Receivership: To the extent permitted by law, upon the filing of a bill in equity or other commencement of judicial proceedings to enforce the rights of the trustee and of the bondholders, the trustee shall be entitled as a matter of right to the appointment of a receiver or receivers of the trust estate, and of the rents, revenues, income, products, and profits thereof, pending such proceedings, but, notwithstanding the appointment of any receiver, trustee, or other custodian, the trustee shall be entitled to the possession and control of any cash, securities, or other instruments at the time held by, or payable or deliverable under the provisions of this indenture to, the trustee.
- ii. Suit for judgment on the bonds: The trustee shall be entitled to sue for and recover judgment, either before or after or during the pendency of any proceedings for the enforcement of the lien of the indenture, for the enforcement of any of its rights, or the rights of the bondholders, but any such judgment against the issuer shall be enforceable only against the trust estate. No recovery of any judgment by the trustee shall in any manner or to any extent affect the lien of the indenture or any rights, powers, or remedies of the trustee, or any lien, rights, powers, or remedies of the owners of the bonds, but such lien, rights, powers, and remedies of the trustee and the bondholders shall continue unimpaired as before.
- iii. Rights of secured party: The trustee is entitled to exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party under the Colorado Uniform Commercial Code with respect to the net pledged revenue.

The District's long-term obligations on the Bonds mature as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Principal	Principal Interest			
2023	\$ 75,000	\$ 266,125	\$ 341,125		
2024	80,000	262,450	342,450		
2025	90,000	258,500	348,500		
2026	90,000	254,075	344,075		
2027	110,000	249,650	359,650		
2028-2032	675,000	1,148,150	1,823,150		
2033-2036	3,555,000	717,200	4,272,200		
	\$4,675,000	\$ 3,156,150	\$ 7,831,150		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### 6. NET POSITION

The District has a net position consisting of two components: restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, as follows:

	2022		2021	
Restricted net position:	 			
Debt service (Note 5)	\$ 476,672	\$	422,488	
Emergency reserve (Note 8)	 2,600		2,700	
Total restricted net position	\$ 479,272	\$	425,188	

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool"). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### 8. TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments within the state of Colorado.

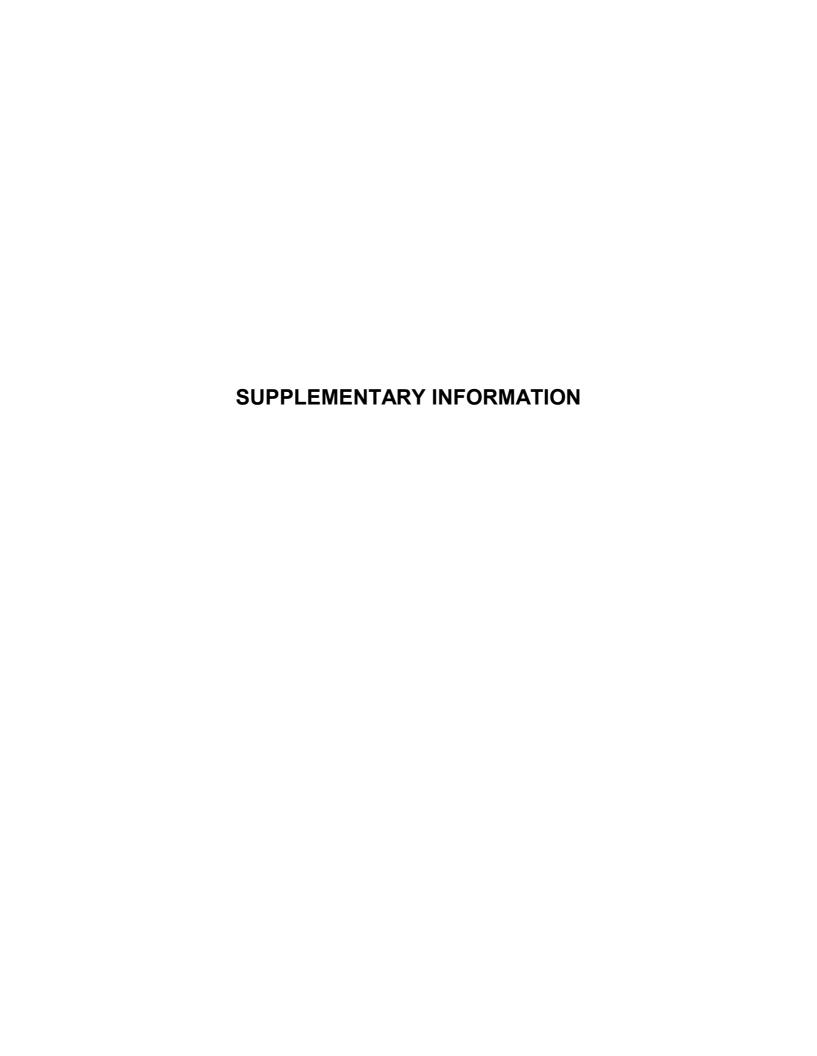
#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenues. In 2004, the District's voters authorized the District to collect, spend and retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

District management believes the District is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will likely require judicial interpretation.

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# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance	
OPERATING EXPENDITURES				_		_
Administration	\$	33,500	\$	33,500	\$	-
Bank charges	<del></del>	5,300		5,304		(4)
Contingency		10,000		-		10,000
Dues and subscriptions		250		558		(308)
Election		2,500		3,573		(1,073)
Insurance		2,500		2,666		(166)
Office supplies and other expenses		6,100		12,093		(5,993)
Professional fees		24,000		24,054		(54)
Repairs and maintenance		2,500		2,950		(450)
Settlement		35,000				35,000
Total operating expenditures		121,650		84,698		36,952
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Debt service, administrative, and other fees		379,500		454,197		74,697
Interest income		400		9,337		8,937
Other revenues		10,000		67,907		57,907
Interest and principal payments		(334,325)		(333,990)		335
Total non-operating revenues and						
expenditures		55,575		197,451		141,876
Excess (deficit) of revenue over						
expenditures - budgetary basis	\$	(66,075)	\$	112,753	\$	178,828

# RECONCILIATION OF AMOUNTS FROM US GAAP BASIS TO BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The accompanying supplementary Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget Compared to Actual on page 18 presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, a reconciliation of differences in revenues and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2022 is presented below.

Total revenues per financial statements		531,441
Less:		
Revenue accruals and non-cash adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2022		
Total actual revenues and receipts per the budget	\$	531,441
Total expenses and capital expenditures per financial statements	\$	353,688
Add:		
Principal payment on bonds		65,000
Total actual expenses and capital expenditures per the budget	\$	418,688